

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK. NIGHT EDITION. TOPEKA, KANSAS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 14, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

A NEW PARTY.

Fifty of the Leading Citizens of Pittsburg,

Democrats and Republicans Alike, Raise \$10,000

FOR A NEW BIRTH

Of Political Principles at a Great Mass Meeting.

Abuses in Our System of Government to Be Reformed.

A GREAT BARBECUE

To Be Held Near the City of Pittsburg.

The Cradle of the Republican Party in 1856.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14.—Prominent men of Pittsburg, Braddock and surrounding country have joined in an address for a convention to be held in Braddock for the organization of a party of reform, in which the word reform is not to be used; of economy, in which the word economy is eschewed and the slogan of which is "a reduction of public expenses."

If plans that are already proposed are realized it will be the greatest thing western Pennsylvania has developed in a political way since the organization of the Republican party in Pittsburg in 1856. What is proposed as an initial move is a great barbecue, with an ox roast and speeches by prominent people.

Steamboats will traverse the Monongahela all day and carry thousands of people from every available point, with brass bands and all the other accessories of a great political demonstration. Up to date about \$10,000 has been subscribed by men of standing to carry on the preliminaries.

About fifty prominent citizens, Republicans and Democrats, have joined together in the move to make a strike against the alleged abuses of the existing system of government. It is proposed to hold the barbecue in Hawkins' hollow, where Braddock and Rankin brought join, a place where 20,000 people can assemble to advantage. Several leading lawyers of the Pittsburg bar have volunteered to be present and make speeches.

WHAT THE HEAT DID.

T. B. Jennings' Week Report Shows That Crop—Went Greatly Hurt. T. B. Jennings, observer at the government weather bureau here has issued the following weather-crop bulletin for the week ending August 13:

"The first days of the week were cool but the temperature rapidly returned to its torrid condition and the last half of the week has rivalled the last week of July in the eastern half of the state, the week being clear, rainless and hot; 0.37 inch of rain fell at Downs, 1.09 at Independence, and trace at Rome, Elk City, Coffeyville and Lebo.

"The effects of the hot drying weather have been generally shown by the whitening blades of corn, the wilting of grapes, the falling of apples and the browning of the prairie.

"Corn is being generally cut and shocked, much of it in the northern counties will be unmarketable.

"Prairie hay is light, is largely in the stack, and is about half a crop. Leaves are falling rapidly from the fruit and forest trees and stock water is getting scarce."

WAITING FOR AN OFFER.

Madeline Pollard is Anxious to Join Some Theatrical Company.

New York, Aug. 14.—Miss Madeline Pollard, of Breckinridge-Pollard notoriety, is now in this city considering propositions that have been made her by certain theatrical managers to join their companies.

It is now said that the stories to the effect that Miss Pollard is unable to secure a manager are untrue, and arose from the fact that she was seen entering the offices of the manager of Madison Square Garden.

Corea Cut Off By Wire.

New York, Aug. 14.—The Western Union Telegraph company has received the following telegram dated Shanghai August 14: "The Chinese land lines to Corea are totally interrupted. There is no prospect of restoration. The cable via Nagasaki beyond Fusan is also interrupted with the single exception of Fusan. Corea is completely cut off from all telegraphic communication."

One Third of a Corn Crop in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 14.—This week's Iowa crop bulletin says: There has been a considerable deterioration in corn since August 10, when it was rated at 48 per cent. A large portion is now beyond help, and is being rapidly cut to save the fodder. With favorable weather in the future there is a possibility of saving one-third of an average crop from the crop from the present reduced area of less than six million acres.

Postmaster General Russell Back.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Postmaster General Russell resumed his official duties today. He returned to the city last night after a short visit at Kennebunkport.

THE STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

BUSINESS FAIRLY BOOMS.

Tariff Bill Showing Good Results Already, "so They Say."

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 14.—The passage of the tariff bill has already made itself felt in this district by a marked revival in business. Stocks in all lines of manufacture had been reduced to a minimum, especially in iron steel and glass. Today several large orders were received by local manufacturers and many more are expected. In some lines of business the demand began yesterday as soon as the passage of the tariff bill was assured, and telegraph wires were kept busy last night with orders for goods.

It is asserted that a slight reduction in wages will be necessary in the case of glass workers, tin-plate men and the workmen in some branches of the iron and steel trade, but this has been conceded, the scales generally allowing for reductions to its tariff changes. The dispute will be over the size of the cuts.

WAS BEATEN TO DEATH.

Fugitive Robber who Fought With Jimmie Lindsey of His Injuries.

PLATTSBURGH, Neb., Aug. 14.—Fletcher Robbins, the pugilist who was so badly beaten in the fight with Jimmie Lindsey of Omaha last Thursday night, died of his injuries this morning.

Arthur Rothery and Fred O'Neill, of Omaha Lindsey's seconds and Sandy Griswold, sporting editor of the Bee referee, were arrested today. Lindsey is still at liberty. Warrants are out for a number of others who took part in arranging the fight.

ED PARDRIDGE DRUNK.

He Made a Disturbance and the Door-keeper Carried Him Out.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—"Plunger" Ed Partridge was very drunk when he attempted to go on to the "floor" at the board of trade this morning.

Mindful of the unpleasant scene made by the little speculator last week, when in the same condition, "Plunger" Richards, the doorkeeper on 'change, refused him admittance.

Partridge grew violent, and Richards picked him up, tucked him under his arm, and carried him down stairs to his office.

Partridge kicked, bit and scratched his hourly captor in vain, and was finally dumped into a private room.

Partridge is heavily short on wheat, and the market is going his way.

PEPPER'S PENSION BILL

To Give the Pension of Drunkards to Their Wives.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Senator Pepper has obtained a favorable report from the senate committee on a notable pension bill he is championing. It is to secure to wives the pensions of drunkards.

It provides that "in all cases, where pensioners desert or abandon their families, or where they are addicted to habitual drunkenness, and do not use their pension money for the support of their families, and do not support them, and when they have no other sufficient means of support, the commissioner of pensions, on the application of the wife, she being a woman of good character, shall cause the money due such pensioner to be paid to his said wife so long as such conditions continue."

OX ROAST FOR CLEVELAND.

The President is to Visit West Virginia on a Fishing Trip.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 14.—A special to the American from Kingwood, W. Va., says: A gentleman who has just returned from Hampshire county says the Democrats there are stirred up over the prospect of the president visiting that portion of West Virginia very soon on a hunting and fishing trip.

It is stated that he will take the opportunity to put in a word for Congressman William L. Wilson. A big roast ox is on the programme.

PECKHAM COMING HERE

To Make Application for a Receiver in Retainer of His Place.

New York, Aug. 14.—Wheeler H. Peckham, counsel for the reorganization committee of the Santa Fe railroad, left this city today for Topeka, to make application for a receiver in place of J. W. Reinhart, resigned.

Carnegie Leases Buckhurst Park.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Andrew Carnegie has leased for a term of twenty-one years Buckhurst park, in Sussex, the seat of Lord DeLaWarr, a brother of the Hon. Lionel Sackville West, with its extensive shooting park. The estate is one of the finest in England.

His lease includes not only the house and park, but all the farms and houses on the great estate. He has the option of giving up the lease at the end of fourteen years.

Revenuers Photographed.

DENVER, Aug. 14.—The only event in the L. A. W. this forenoon was the taking of the League photograph in front of the new state capitol by C. A. Rivers.

This afternoon the day parade will take place. Of the crack riders Bliss and Tyler have been excused from attendance at the races but if Johnson does not fill his entries his expulsion will be demanded.

Mayor Gilroy Going to Europe.

New York, Aug. 14.—Mayor Gilroy will sail for Europe tomorrow on the steamer Paris if he can get accommodations to return before September 7. He will not admit this evening that he was going to London to see ex-Mayor Grace or that there was any politics contemplated in the trip, but there is construction put on it by politicians.

Coxey to Speak in Indiana.

CLINTON, Ind., Aug. 14.—The Populists of the Eighth congressional district are preparing for a great demonstration at the Cayuga fair grounds, the coming Saturday. Gen. J. S. Coxey will be present and Mort Rankin, the Populist candidate for congress and other prominent orators will speak.

John Quincy Adams Dead.

QUINCY, Mass., Aug. 14.—John Quincy Adams died at his home at Mount Washington this morning.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

WILL HE SHIRK IT?

Responsibility of Tariff Situation Too Much for Grover.

Is Afraid to Sign the Bill and Afraid Not To.

BY THE TEN DAYS LIMIT

He May Let It Become a Law by Expiration.

This is the Opinion of Those Claiming to Know.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—As the house of representatives last night adjourned over until Wednesday the tariff bill cannot be sent to the White House until tomorrow. It will be enrolled and carefully compared today and tomorrow, when both houses are in session, it will receive the signatures of Speaker Crisp and Vice President Stevenson.

The bill will then be taken to the president, who will have ten days (exclusive of Sundays) or until Monday, the 27th, in which to act on the bill.

A great deal of pressure will be brought to bear on the president by Democratic senators and representatives to induce Mr. Cleveland to sign the bill, but an authoritative statement made by the Associated Press that it is the present intention of the president to let the bill be a law without his signature can be relied upon.

It is stated by friends of the president that he has freely expressed this purpose to those entitled to know, who have questioned him on the subject but has said he will thoroughly consider all facts in the matter. A member of the cabinet said that if the president should change his present inclination to affix his signature to the bill it would be accompanied by a statement in explanation of his reasons therefor.

The opinion rendered April 16 last by Judge Nott of the United States court of claims in the case of the United States vs. Alex. Weil, et al., is of special interest at this time, as it is well understood both houses of congress are extremely anxious for an adjournment and under ordinary circumstances would be ready for adjournment by the middle of the present week.

The passage of the senate tariff bill however, is very likely to keep them here ten days waiting for the bill to become a law without the president's signature. That the president will pursue this course, there seems to be little doubt, and this will necessitate congress remaining in session until a week from next Friday or Saturday.

The opinion rendered by Judge Nott was the first ever given on the point in question, and held in effect that the president has the right under the constitution to approve a bill after an adjournment of congress, provided his action was taken within ten days exclusive of Sundays after the bill reached him. It had become a tradition that such an act would be unconstitutional and would operate to invalidate the act.

Judge Thomas M. Cooley and ex-Judge Strong believe Judge Nott's decision to be sound.

THE DECOY HOUSE BILLS.

What the Bills for Free Sugar, Iron and Coal Provide.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The four bills to place upon the free list all forms of sugar, of coal, of iron ore and of barbed wire (fencing and rods used in its manufacture, which were passed by the house are drawn to go into effect immediately upon their passage. The bill for free sugar provides "that from and after the passage of this act the following articles when imported into the United States, shall be admitted free of all import duties: All sugars, tank bottoms, all sugar drainings and sugar sweepings, syrups of juice of molasses, concentrated molasses and molasses."

The bill to place upon the free list bituminous coal, shale, slack and coke with the same preliminary clause, covers bituminous coal and shale, and coal slack or culm and coke. That to place on the free list all ores of iron, applies to iron ore, including free-magnetite iron ore, also the dross or residuum from burnt pyrites, and sulphur or as pyrites or sulphur of iron in its natural state.

The bill to place upon the free list barbed fencing wire and wire rods for the manufacture of the same, applies to barbed fencing wire, wired rods of iron or steel when imported for the manufacture of barbed wire fencing under such rules and regulations as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe.

FREE BILLS IN THE SENATE.

They Go Over Until Tomorrow—The Senate Wants the Glory.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—When the free list house bills were taken up in the senate today Senator Manderson (Rep.) of Nebraska objected to the second reading and Senator Hill gave notice of an amendment repealing all income taxes. The bill will come up tomorrow.

Mr. Hale introduced a resolution for the printing of 5,000 copies of house bill No. 4864, known as the sugar tariff bill.

Mr. Vest protested against the title, but Mr. Hale replied he simply referred to it by the name by which it would be known hereafter, but would not insist upon that title being printed on the bill. Mr. Vest questioned Mr. Hale's right to say what would be the popular designation of the bill and declared it an outrage upon the senate.

The resolution went over.

At 2:10 the senate adjourned. It is not thought possible to pass the free coal, iron ore and barbed wire bills in the senate. As to the free sugar bill, there is little doubt that in case a direct vote could be had it would be passed. If it should fail of being referred to the finance committee, the Republicans would offer a bounty amendment to it, which would carry if Mr. Stewart's vote could

be had, but would be defeated by a tie vote if the Nevada Populist refused to vote.

It is said by those who are in a position to know, the free sugar bill would be debated in the senate at such length that it would go over until the next session. It is believed that the quorum of the senate will melt away within a short time and that no important action can be taken in that body.

NEWSPAPER OPINIONS.

The New York World and Advertiser on the Tariff Bill.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Commenting upon the passage of the tariff bill, the World says: "Had congress adjourned without passing any bill, tariff agitation would have dominated the elections and have been revived at the December session, even if the president had not felt constrained to call an extra session. If the president shall permit this bill to become a law, no party would dare to propose tearing it to pieces again at once."

"Mr. Cleveland's term will not expire until March, 1897. His veto cannot be overridden by the next congress, and the congress to be elected in 1896 will not meet for more than a year afterward. Even those who are most disappointed in the bill will soon come to consider three years of peace preferable to further suspense, anxiety and business depression."

The Advertiser says: "The truth of the matter is it makes little difference now as to democracy, or what it may do. It has been tried by the country and found wanting. The people now realize the truth and force of Mr. Blaine's remark that by reason of their long absence from power, the democrats have lost the capacity to govern."

SHE SEEMED SURPRISED.

Mrs. Cleveland Appeared Unprepared to Hear of the Senate's Victory.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Aug. 14.—The senate's triumph over the house was a great surprise at Buzzard's Bay. Mrs. Cleveland was shown a newspaper on the street when she drove over for her mail this evening, and she was seemingly deeply impressed by the news. As her carriage passed on down the street, she and the paper through without once looking up.

She refused to say anything to a reporter for publication.

McKINLEY WON'T DISCUSS IT.

He Says His View on the Tariff are Well Known.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—Gov. McKinley when asked by an Associated Press reporter for his views on the tariff bill passed by the house yesterday declined to do so at this time, entering into a discussion of the matter. His views on the tariff question he said, were well known and for this reason he would not now discuss the subject.

HAVE TO WRITE NEW SPEECHES.

Representatives Had Based Their Campaign Speeches on the House Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The house of representatives was not in session today, and most of the members were at home resting from the arduous labors of yesterday.

Speaker Crisp and a few members were about the house. Mr. Crisp said the "expectations were that the senate would act upon some of the separate measures for free sugar, free iron ore, etc., before the adjournment and for that reason the close of the session would depend a good deal on the senate. Moreover the rule adopted in the house yesterday had given the members ten days leave to print the speeches."

Hereafter all speeches in the house have been from the standpoint that the house bill would prevail and these hardly meet the existing state of affairs. Mr. Crisp says there is nothing further for the house to do but to complete the appropriation bills which are in committee.

MAKING THE BILL ACCURATE.

Cleveland Will Receive It Tomorrow Night or Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—President Cleveland will receive the tariff bill late tomorrow afternoon or early Thursday unless some unexpected obstacle is encountered. It will be carried to him by Representative Pearson, of Ohio, chairman of the house committee on enrolled bills, who has final charge of seeing that the bill is rigidly accurate. As soon as the bill passed last night word was sent at once to the government printing office to prepare a final print on parchment.

Before printing the parchment sheets proofs were taken and sent to the enrolling clerk of the house. They were prepared for all night work, and two of the clerks—Messrs. Parsons and Kelly—locked themselves in a room and to work determined to finish it before taking a recess.

Through the night they finished the proofs and found them correct. They then took the parchment sheets. Comparison will take until 4 o'clock today. It covers the most minute inspection of typographical errors. No correction of errors made in the bill as it passed are made, as they must stand as errors, and nothing but a concurrent resolution of the senate and house can correct them. The clerks merely see that the parchment bill is as the measure passed the house.

Late today Mr. Pearson's committee will receive the bill and they are prepared to sit up through the night revising and certifying to the work of the clerks. Mr. Pearson says he hopes this will be completed by tomorrow noon. He will then take the bill to Speaker Crisp for his signature after which the house will transmit the signed bill to the senate with an official notification of its passage.

After this it goes to the senate enrolling clerks for further certification of accuracy, and then to Vice President Stevenson for his signature. Mr. Pearson says he expects these formalities to be over by 4 o'clock tomorrow. As the bill originated in the house the latter body conveys it, through Mr. Pearson, to the president.

As a rule Mr. Pearson does not take bills to the white house after official hours, but in a bill of this moment he says he will endeavor to get it there tomorrow night unless some unforeseen delay is encountered.

Subscribe for the DAILY STATE JOURNAL

LIVELY ON 'CHANGE.

Stocks Go Up a Notch All Around On Stock Exchange.

Blocks of Thousands of Shares Change Hands Rapidly.

TARIFF BILL DID IT.

Foreigners Take Hold and Make Large Purchases.

The Sugar Trust People Are Naturally Greatly Elated.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Operators at the stock exchange enjoyed the liveliest opening today they have had for a long time. The dealings were very heavy, blocks of thousands of shares changing hands rapidly amid much excitement. The fluctuations were in keeping with the increased activity, and prices moved up and down so smoothly that brokers had difficulty in executing orders given "at a limit."

All this was the direct result of the passage of the tariff bill. The fact that this disturbing influence is about to be removed, is hailed with greater satisfaction than any event that has transpired in the financial world since the repeal of the silver coinage act. The foreigners have already taken hold, with a will and their purchases are largely attributable to the weakness of sterling and consumption of export gold exports.

The chief attractions were sugar and distilling, the dealings of both of which were on a scale of unusual magnitude. Sugar opened at 109 1/2 @ 109 3/4 against 109 yesterday, then dropped to 108 3/4, rallied to 108 1/2, reacted to 107 1/2, and recovered to 108. Brokers say that they are receiving orders from customers whom they had not seen since the panic of last summer, and business on the consolidated, as well as the stock exchange were extremely lively.

On the consolidated exchange, the crowd in front of the rail and in the corridor outside the main floor was so great that it was almost impossible to get through it.

At the opening at 10 o'clock prices began to go up all along the list of stocks, and they kept going. The sugar people are, it is said, greatly elated over the passage of the bill, but all refuse to talk for publication. All the trust people, with the exception of H. O. Havemeyer, are out of the city, and Mr. Havemeyer refuses to see reporters.

THE INJUNCTION CASE.

The Postponed Hearing Before Judge Foster Comes Up Today.

The hearing for a temporary injunction to restrain the employees of the railroads in Kansas from interfering with the operation of the roads was on trial in the U. S. district court today.

The injunction was originally secured during this strike, and was set down for hearing Monday, August 8. About a dozen railroad men were present to show that they had not acted in a manner to make an injunction necessary.

Capt. J. G. Waters, who is attorney for the men, argued that the affidavit upon which the petition for an injunction was secured was insufficient because it was sworn to only on belief not substantiated by facts.

Judge Foster continued the case to give the United States district attorney time to produce evidence showing that an injunction should be granted against the men.

Clifton R. Breckinridge Resigns.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 14.—Governor Fishback today received a telegram from Clifton R. Breckinridge resigning his seat in congress. A special election to fill the vacancy has been called for September.

A Haunted Castle.

Bogtalog Hall, in Towyn, North Wales, is a noted ruin. Its existence dates back over 500 years, and according to a tradition which the superstitious people of the neighborhood have been taught to believe it has been haunted for almost that number of years. When the castle was built, a chapel for the reception of the dead was erected. It has never been used. In the fourteenth century some member of the family died at Hastings, and the body, instead of being conveyed to the chapel of Bogtalog Hall for interment, was buried at Hastings. On the anniversary of that person's death each year the spirit is said to be seen by the superstitious people of the neighborhood hovering around the chapel and demanding the interment of the body within the walls of the vanit. Mr. Robinson says the tradition is so firmly rooted in the nature of the people of Towyn that no one will go near the castle after nightfall.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Testing Optical Glasses.

John A. Brashers describes the method of testing optical glass for the quality of its annealing. The plate, already polished, is set up on edge at an angle on a black reflecting surface—varnished glass or black cloth—and viewed through a Nicol prism. If the glass is fairly well annealed, the polarized light reflected from the black surface beneath it produces in the prism the appearance of a symmetrical black Maltese cross, the less marked the better. If the cross is distorted or broken up into other figures, the plate is poorly annealed, and if colors appear the glass must be discarded.—Popular Astronomy.

The Stage Journal's Want and Miscellaneous Columns.

reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

ANXIOUS TO GET BACK.

Fully 2,000 Pullman Strikers Apply for Their Former Positions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—The stampede of Pullman strikers continues. Today fully 2,000 have applied for their former positions in the works. About 1,800 men were on duty and the company's officials say that a force of 3,000 is easily obtainable. All day long strikers stood in line before the manager's office awaiting an opportunity to enter their applications. The men freely admitted that the strike is broken and their only anxiety was to secure positions before the company's force is complete. For weeks the strikers have been on the verge of starvation, and with the announcement that the company would begin evictions for non-payment of rent they weakened. The strike leaders have lost control of the rank and file and the men have announced their willingness to work at any wages.

The Pullman officials have indicated that the strikers who return to work will not be pushed for over-duty rent, and this fact was largely instrumental in causing today's wild stampede for positions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—This afternoon assistant manager Parent gave the total number of men at work as over 2,000. The foundry started up today for the first time. One hundred men all strikers were put to work and 200 foundry men were refused. The foundry has a capacity of 600 men, but the demands do not warrant the employment of the full quota.

STILL IT IS HOT.

The Thermometer Goes Up to 100° This Afternoon.

One more extremely hot day has been added to the list of days that will fix this summer strongly in the minds of all Kansans. Today is one of the hottest of the year. It is 100° degrees by Swift & Holliday's thermometer. Some thermometers that are less frequently consulted run higher. Even Observer Jennings' instruments which never seem to realize it's hot until the JOURNAL comes out, indicates 101 degrees at 3:30. The day commenced hot, and it was 82 degrees at 7 o'clock this morning, the highest yet reported at that hour. The minimum last night was 78 degrees, the highest minimum this year.

Clouds that promise rain have been gathering all day and may break the drought. It rained last night—1-100 of an inch fell.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

They Are Struggling in Reluctantly to Their State Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 14.—The Democratic state convention will meet here to nominate state officers with the exception of governor and lieutenant governor. The crowd already here is not as large as usual, but it is expected that there will be a complete delegation from every county of the state tomorrow.

Governor Matthews will preside and the prominent officers who are eligible will be nominated. It is believed today. The sub-committee is working on the platform today. It will commend the senate tariff bill as a step toward the reform.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBIA.

The First Delegates Convention in Session at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 14.—The first delegate convention of the Knights of Columbia opened at 10 o'clock at the Centropolis hotel and will continue for three days. There are about 150 delegates from places in Missouri, Kansas, Colorado and Oklahoma. Among the delegates present are Mr. John V. Dundra, general yardmaster of the Missouri Pacific at Pueblo; H. B. Knight, assistant surgeon of the Union Pacific at Denver. Mayor Shepherd, of St. Joe, is expected today.

COLORADO DEMOCRATS.

National Meeting of the League Now in Session at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 14.—The National Colored Democratic league met at Masonic hall this city at noon today and will be in session for several days. A. E. Manning, who is president of the Indiana branch, opened the convention with an address of welcome. President C. H. J. Taylor of the national league, then delivered his annual address. Between thirty and thirty-five states are represented, each state being entitled to two delegates.

President Taylor said at this convention a scale will be perfected, by which the organization would be able to furnish a list of every colored voter in the United States.

INGALLS AT WAKARUSA.

A Big All Day Republican Picnic With Many Speakers.

Chairman Elliott of the Republican county central committee has just completed arrangements for a big all day Republican picnic to be held at Wakarusa, Friday August 31st.

The speakers at this picnic will be Major E. N. Morrill, James A. Troutman, F. B. Dawes, W. C. Edwards, E. W. Hough, Mrs. S. A. Thur